

2011 Census Briefing

Equalities

Gender: The proportion of males (49.8%) to females (50.2%) in the city is nearing equal, representing a narrowing of the gap compared to the 2001 census (males 48.4%, females 51.6%).

Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) community: One out of five Brighton & Hove residents (53,351 people, 19.5%) are from a BME background, an increase of 23,668 people (79.7%) compared to the 2001 census.

Country of birth: More than four out of five residents (221,829 people, 81.1%) were born in England, proportionally less compared to the South East (84.8%) and England (83.5%). Excluding the UK and Ireland, a further 14,739 (5.4%) people were born within the European Union (EU) and 10,650 (3.9%) in the Middle East and Asia.

Main or preferred language: For one in twelve residents (21,833 people, 8.3%) aged three or over, English is not their first or preferred language. Other than English, Arabic is the most widely spoken language in the city (2,226 people, 0.8%), followed by Polish (2,043 people, 0.8%) Chinese (1,940 people, 0.7%), Spanish (1,624 people, 0.6%), and French (1,335 people, 0.5%).

Long term health problem or disability: For more than one in twenty residents (20,445 people, 7.5%) their day to day activities are 'limited a lot' due to a long term health problem or disability. For a further 24,124 residents (8.8%) their day to day activity is limited a little.

Provision of unpaid care: Nearly one in ten residents (23,987 people, 8.8%) provide unpaid care to a family member, friend or neighbour who has either a long term illness or disability or problems related to old age. Although a rise of 2,164 people since the 2001 census, proportionally it is the same.

Civil partnership status: 1% of residents aged 16 or over (2,346 people) are registered in a same-sex civil partnership, four or five times more than is found in the South East (0.2%) and England (0.2%).

Religion: More than two out of five residents (117,276 people, 42.9%) are Christian, significantly lower than in England (59.4%) and the South East (59.8%). A further 111,954 residents (42.4%) stated that they had no religion. In the 2001 census 59.1% stated their religion as Christian and 27.0% that they had no religion.

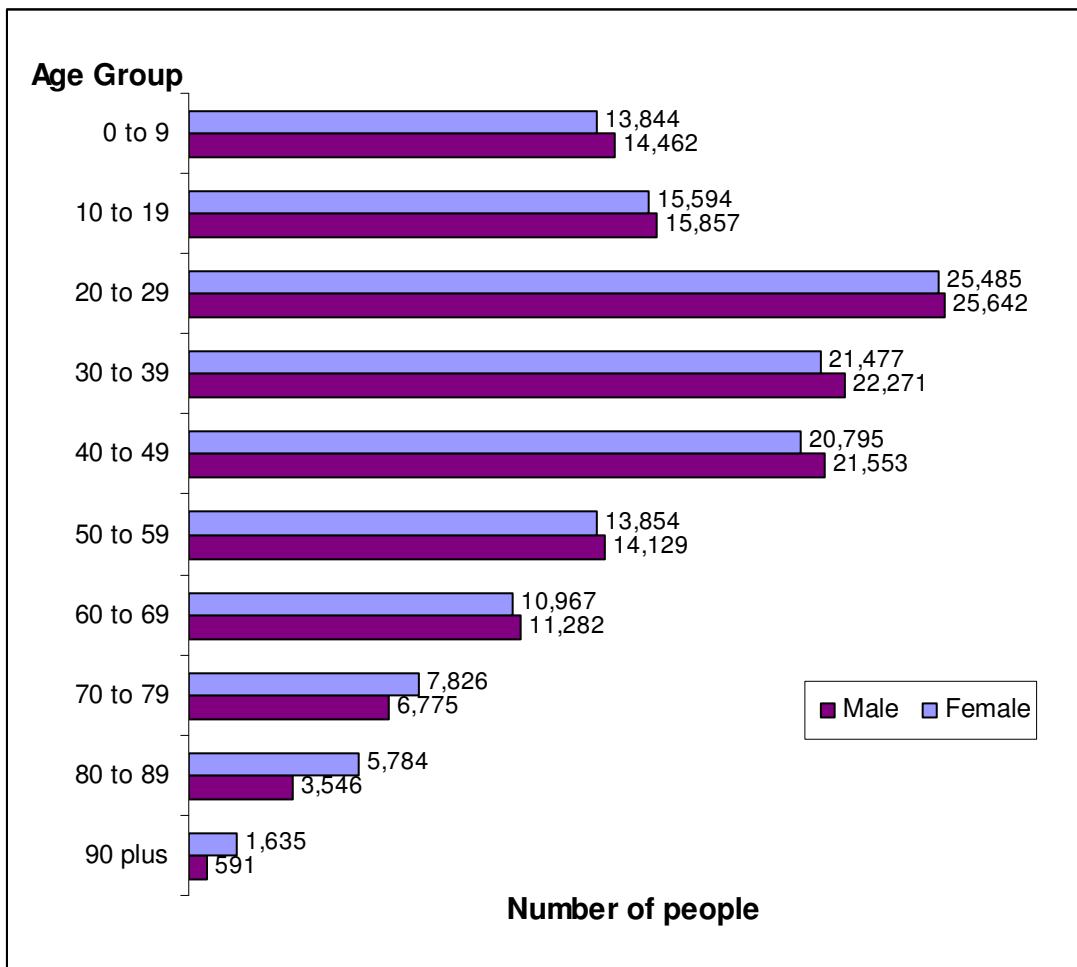
Access to the full range of data from the 2011 census, including local data at different geographical levels, ward and local area profiles, maps and 2011 census data downloads can be found at www.bhlis.org/census2011

Gender

The proportion of males (49.8%) to females (50.2%) in the city is nearing equal representing a narrowing of the gap compared to the 2001 census (males 48.4%, females 51.6%).

The proportion of males to females is relatively even across all age groups until the age of 75. Beyond the age of 75 the proportion of female residents increases as age increases with 73.5% of residents aged over 90 being female.

Brighton & Hove population by age and gender (2011 census)



2011 Census data taken from ONS table P05 / PO6

Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) community

| Ethnic group | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | Census 2011 | | | | Census 2001 | | Change 2001 - 2011 | |
| | Brighton & Hove | | South East | England | Brighton & Hove | | | |
| | Number | % | % | % | Number | % | Number | % |
| All usual residents | 273,369 | | | | 247,817 | | 25,552 | 10.3% |
| White | 243,512 | 89.1% | 90.7% | 85.4% | 233,582 | 94.3% | 9,930 | 4.3% |
| <i>English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British</i> | <i>220,018</i> | <i>80.5%</i> | <i>85.2%</i> | <i>79.8%</i> | <i>218,134</i> | <i>88.0%</i> | <i>1,884</i> | <i>0.9%</i> |
| <i>Irish</i> | <i>3,772</i> | <i>1.4%</i> | <i>0.9%</i> | <i>1.0%</i> | <i>3,965</i> | <i>1.6%</i> | <i>-193</i> | <i>-4.9%</i> |
| <i>Gypsy or Irish Traveller</i> | <i>198</i> | <i>0.1%</i> | <i>0.2%</i> | <i>0.1%</i> | | | | |
| <i>Other White</i> | <i>19,524</i> | <i>7.1%</i> | <i>4.4%</i> | <i>4.6%</i> | <i>11,483</i> | <i>4.6%</i> | <i>8,041</i> | <i>70.0%</i> |
| Mixed / multiple ethnic group | 10,408 | 3.8% | 1.9% | 2.3% | 4,799 | 1.9% | 5,609 | 116.9% |
| <i>White and Black Caribbean</i> | <i>2,182</i> | <i>0.8%</i> | <i>0.5%</i> | <i>0.8%</i> | <i>834</i> | <i>0.3%</i> | <i>1,348</i> | <i>161.6%</i> |
| <i>White and Black African</i> | <i>2,019</i> | <i>0.7%</i> | <i>0.3%</i> | <i>0.3%</i> | <i>961</i> | <i>0.4%</i> | <i>1,058</i> | <i>110.1%</i> |
| <i>White and Asian</i> | <i>3,351</i> | <i>1.2%</i> | <i>0.7%</i> | <i>0.6%</i> | <i>1,582</i> | <i>0.6%</i> | <i>1,769</i> | <i>111.8%</i> |
| <i>Other Mixed</i> | <i>2,856</i> | <i>1.0%</i> | <i>0.5%</i> | <i>0.5%</i> | <i>1,422</i> | <i>0.6%</i> | <i>1,434</i> | <i>100.8%</i> |
| Asian / Asian British | 11,278 | 4.1% | 5.2% | 7.8% | 5,844 | 2.4% | 5,434 | 93.0% |
| <i>Indian</i> | <i>2,996</i> | <i>1.1%</i> | <i>1.8%</i> | <i>2.6%</i> | <i>2,106</i> | <i>0.8%</i> | <i>890</i> | <i>42.3%</i> |
| <i>Pakistani</i> | <i>649</i> | <i>0.2%</i> | <i>1.1%</i> | <i>2.1%</i> | <i>540</i> | <i>0.2%</i> | <i>109</i> | <i>20.2%</i> |
| <i>Bangladeshi</i> | <i>1,367</i> | <i>0.5%</i> | <i>0.3%</i> | <i>0.8%</i> | <i>975</i> | <i>0.4%</i> | <i>392</i> | <i>40.2%</i> |
| <i>Chinese</i> | <i>2,999</i> | <i>1.1%</i> | <i>0.6%</i> | <i>0.7%</i> | <i>1,305</i> | <i>0.5%</i> | <i>1,694</i> | <i>129.8%</i> |
| <i>Other Asian</i> | <i>3,267</i> | <i>1.2%</i> | <i>1.4%</i> | <i>1.5%</i> | <i>918</i> | <i>0.4%</i> | <i>2,349</i> | <i>255.9%</i> |
| Black/African/Caribbean/Black British | 4,188 | 1.5% | 1.6% | 3.5% | 1,992 | 0.8% | 2,196 | 110.2% |
| <i>African</i> | <i>2,893</i> | <i>1.1%</i> | <i>1.0%</i> | <i>1.8%</i> | <i>1,380</i> | <i>0.6%</i> | <i>1,513</i> | <i>109.6%</i> |
| <i>Caribbean</i> | <i>879</i> | <i>0.3%</i> | <i>0.4%</i> | <i>1.1%</i> | <i>468</i> | <i>0.2%</i> | <i>411</i> | <i>87.8%</i> |
| <i>Other Black</i> | <i>416</i> | <i>0.2%</i> | <i>0.2%</i> | <i>0.5%</i> | <i>144</i> | <i>0.1%</i> | <i>272</i> | <i>188.9%</i> |
| Arab | 2,184 | 0.8% | 0.2% | 0.4% | | | | |
| Any other ethnic group | 1,799 | 0.7% | 0.4% | 0.6% | 1,600 | 0.6% | 199 | 12.4% |
| Black & Minority Ethnic (BME) | 53,351 | 19.5% | 14.8% | 20.2% | 29,683 | 12.0% | 23,668 | 79.7% |

Note: Black & Minority Ethnic (BME) is defined as all ethnic groups other than White English / Welsh / Scottish / Northern Irish / British.

2011 Census data taken from ONS table KS201EW

One out of five Brighton & Hove residents (53,351, 19.5%) are from a BME background, an increase of 23,668 people (79.7%) compared to the 2001 census and higher than is found in the South East (14.8%) but similar to England (20.2%).

The number of BME residents has increased from 29,683 people (12.0%) in 2001 to 53,351 people (19.5%) in 2011.

The largest BME community is Other White with 19,524 people. This is 7.1% of the total population and more than a third (36.6%) of the BME population. Numerically, the Other White community has seen the largest increase since 2001 (8,041 people).

All BME groups (apart from Irish) have seen a significant increase in their population since the 2001 census. The Other Asian community has seen the biggest increase, increasing two and a half times (255.9%) from just 918 people in 2001 to 3,267 people in 2011. All mixed / multiple ethnic groups have also seen their populations double and increase by more than a 1,000 people as have the Chinese and the Black African communities.

There are 2,184 Arab residents (0.8%) in the city, proportionally two to three times higher than found in the South East (0.2%) and in England (0.4%).

Country of birth

| Country of birth | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| | 2011 Census | | | | 2001 Census | | Change 2001 to 2011 | |
| | Brighton and Hove | | South East | England | Brighton and Hove | | | |
| | Number | % | % | % | Number | % | Number | % |
| All usual residents | 273,369 | | | | 247,817 | | 25,552 | 10.3% |
| UK | 230,484 | 84.3% | 87.9% | 86.2% | 221,090 | 89.2% | 9,394 | 4.2% |
| Outside of UK | 42,887 | 15.7% | 12.1% | 13.8% | 26,727 | 10.8% | 13,160 | 60.5% |
| Ireland | 2,677 | 1.0% | 0.7% | 0.7% | 2,682 | 1.1% | -5 | -0.2% |
| EU countries in March 2001 (ex.UK and Ireland) | 9,130 | 3.3% | 1.9% | 1.7% | 6,807 | 2.7% | 2,323 | 34.1% |
| EU Accession countries April 2001 to March 2011 | 5,609 | 2.1% | 1.8% | 2.0% | 1,938 | 0.8% | 5,633 | 290.7% |
| Rest of Europe | 1,962 | 0.7% | 0.4% | 0.5% | | | | |
| Africa | 6,860 | 2.5% | 2.1% | 2.4% | 4,496 | 1.8% | 2,364 | 52.6% |
| Middle East and Asia | 10,650 | 3.9% | 3.8% | 4.8% | 6,697 | 2.7% | 3,953 | 59.0% |
| The Americas and the Caribbean | 3,972 | 1.5% | 1.0% | 1.3% | 2,492 | 1.0% | 1,480 | 59.4% |
| Antarctica and Oceania | 1,655 | 0.6% | 0.4% | 0.3% | 1,168 | 0.5% | 487 | 41.7% |
| Other | 372 | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.0% | 447 | 0.2% | | |

2011 Census data taken from ONS table KS204EW

More than four out of five residents (230,484 people, 84.3%) were born in the UK. Proportionally less than for England (86.2%) and the South East (87.9%) and down from 89.2% in 2001.

Excluding the UK, more than one in twenty residents (17,416 people, 6.4%) were born in the European Union (EU).

While 11,807 residents were born in one of the original member countries of the EU only 5,609 were born in one of the EU accession countries. 2,677 residents were born in Ireland Poland (2,270), Germany (2,008), France (1,561), Italy (1,402) and Spain (1,323).

Outside of Europe;

- 10,650 residents (3.9%) were born in the Middle East and Asia including, India (1,661), China (1,378), Iran (1,114), Hong Kong (865) and the Philippines (528).
- 6,860 residents (2.5%) were born in Africa, including North Africa* (1,989), South Africa (1,371), Zimbabwe (738), Nigeria (581) and Kenya (495)
- 3,972 residents (1.5%) were born in The Americas and the Caribbean, including United States (1,305), South America (1,301) and the Caribbean (465).
- 1,655 (0.6%) were born in Oceania including 1,083 people in Australia.

* **North Africa:** Algeria; Egypt; Libya; Morocco; Sudan; Tunisia; Western Sahara

Main or preferred language

For the first time in the census residents were asked about their main or preferred language. For one in twelve residents (21,833, 8.3%) aged three or over, English is not their first or preferred language. Other than English, Arabic is the most widely spoken language in the city (2,226 people, 0.8%), followed by Polish (2,043 people, 0.8%) Chinese (1,940 people, 0.7%), Spanish (1,624 people, 0.6%), and French (1,335 people, 0.5%).

One in twenty residents (11,985 people, 4.5%) has a European language other than English (and others in the UK) as their main language, proportionally higher than is found in the South East (2.7%) and England (3.2%).

| Main language | | | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2011 Census | | | |
| | Brighton and Hove | | South East | England |
| | Number | % | % | % |
| All Usual Residents Aged 3 and Over | 264,238 | | | |
| English | 242,405 | 91.7% | 94.2% | 92.0% |
| Other UK Language | 88 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| European (excluding UK) | 11,985 | 4.5% | 2.7% | 3.2% |
| <i>Polish</i> | 2,043 | 0.8% | 0.9% | 1.0% |
| <i>Spanish</i> | 1,624 | 0.6% | 0.2% | 0.2% |
| <i>French</i> | 1,335 | 0.5% | 0.2% | 0.3% |
| <i>Italian</i> | 1,015 | 0.4% | 0.1% | 0.2% |
| <i>German</i> | 957 | 0.4% | 0.2% | 0.1% |
| <i>Portuguese</i> | 799 | 0.3% | 0.2% | 0.3% |
| <i>Greek</i> | 749 | 0.3% | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| <i>Slovak</i> | 517 | 0.2% | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| <i>Other EU</i> | 2,550 | 1.0% | 0.6% | 0.7% |
| <i>Other European</i> | 396 | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| Arabic | 2,226 | 0.8% | 0.2% | 0.3% |
| Russian | 464 | 0.2% | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| Turkish | 422 | 0.2% | 0.1% | 0.2% |
| West/Central Asian Language | 1,077 | 0.4% | 0.2% | 0.4% |
| <i>Persian/Farsi</i> | 699 | 0.3% | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| <i>Other</i> | 378 | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.2% |
| South Asian Language | 1,699 | 0.6% | 1.5% | 2.5% |
| <i>Bengali (With Sylheti and Chatgaya)</i> | 740 | 0.3% | 0.2% | 0.4% |
| <i>Gujarati</i> | 224 | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.4% |
| <i>Other</i> | 735 | 0.3% | 1.2% | 1.7% |
| East Asian Language | 3,087 | 1.2% | 0.7% | 0.7% |
| <i>Chinese (Cantonese, Mandarin, Other)</i> | 1,940 | 0.7% | 0.3% | 0.4% |
| <i>Other</i> | 1,147 | 0.4% | 0.4% | 0.3% |
| African Language | 541 | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.5% |
| Sign Language | 191 | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| All Other Languages | 86 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.1% |

2011 Census data taken from ONS table QS204EW

Long term health problem or disability

For more than one in twenty residents (20,445 people, 7.5%) their day to day activities are 'limited a lot'. For a further 24,124 residents (8.8%) their day to day activity is 'limited a little'. This is similar to the proportions found in the South East and England.

| Long term health problem or disability | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|------------|---------|
| | 2011 Census | | | |
| | Brighton and Hove | | South East | England |
| | Number | % | % | % |
| All usual residents day to day activities... | 273,369 | | | |
| Limited a Lot | 20,445 | 7.5% | 6.9% | 8.3% |
| Limited a Little | 24,124 | 8.8% | 8.8% | 9.3% |
| Not Limited | 228,800 | 83.7% | 84.3% | 82.4% |
| All persons aged 16 to 64 day to day activities... | 193,332 | | | |
| Limited a Lot | 10,216 | 5.3% | 4.3% | 5.6% |
| Limited a Little | 13,440 | 7.0% | 6.4% | 7.1% |
| Not Limited | 169,676 | 87.8% | 89.4% | 87.3% |
| Note: Due to the different way in which this question was asked/reported in the 2011 census there is no directly comparable data with the 2001 census. | | | | |

2011 Census data taken from ONS table QS301EW

Provision of unpaid care

Nearly one in ten of the city's residents (23,987 people, 8.8%) provide unpaid care to a family member, friend or neighbour who has either a long term illness or disability or problems related to old age. Although a rise of 2,164 people since the 2001 census as a proportion of the total population it is the same.

Two thirds of those providing unpaid care (16,401 people, 68.4%) do so for 1 to 19 hours a week. However, 4,716 people, nearly 2% of the total population, provide more than 50 hours a week of unpaid care.

The proportion of residents providing unpaid care (8.8%) is slightly lower compared to the South East (9.8%) and England (10.2%).

| Provision of unpaid care | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|------------|---------|-------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|
| | 2011 Census | | | | 2001 Census | | Change 2001 to 2011 | |
| | Brighton and Hove | | South East | England | Brighton and Hove | | | |
| | Number | % | % | % | Number | % | Number | % |
| All usual residents | 273,369 | | | | 247,817 | | 25,552 | 10.3% |
| Provides no unpaid care | 249,402 | 91.2% | 90.2% | 89.8% | 226,014 | 91.2% | 23,388 | 10.3% |
| All persons providing unpaid care | 23,967 | 8.8% | 9.8% | 10.2% | 21,803 | 8.8% | 2,164 | 9.9% |
| Provides 1 to 19 hours | 16,401 | 6.0% | 6.7% | 6.5% | 15,457 | 6.2% | 944 | 6.1% |
| Provides 20 to 49 hours | 2,850 | 1.0% | 1.1% | 1.4% | 2,192 | 0.9% | 658 | 30.0% |
| Provides 50 or more hours | 4,716 | 1.7% | 2.0% | 2.4% | 4,154 | 1.7% | 562 | 13.5% |

2011 Census data taken from ONS table QS301EW

Marital and civil partnerships

| Marital and civil partnership status | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|------------|---------|
| | 2011 Census | | | |
| | Brighton and Hove | | South East | England |
| | Number | % | % | % |
| All usual residents aged 16 and over | 229,024 | | | |
| Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil partnership) | 114,826 | 50.1% | 31.9% | 34.6% |
| Married | 72,852 | 31.8% | 49.3% | 46.6% |
| In a registered same-sex civil partnership | 2,346 | 1.0% | 0.2% | 0.2% |
| Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-sex civil partnership) | 5,603 | 2.4% | 2.5% | 2.7% |
| Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved | 20,923 | 9.1% | 9.1% | 9.0% |
| Widowed or surviving partner from a same-sex civil partnership | 12,474 | 5.4% | 6.9% | 6.9% |

Note: Due to the different way in which this question was asked/reported in the 2011 census there is no directly comparable data with the 2001 census.

2011 Census data taken from ONS table KS103EW

A half of residents (114,826 people, 50.1%) are single, significantly higher than in the South East (31.9%) and England (34.6%). Similarly, there are far fewer residents who are married, Brighton & Hove (31.8%), South East (49.3%) and England (46.6%).

One percent of residents aged 16 or over (2,346 people) are registered in a same-sex civil partnership; four or five times more than in the South East (0.2%) and England (0.2%).

Religion

| Religion | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------|------------|---------|-------------------|-------|---------------------|--------|
| | 2011 Census | | | | 2001 Census | | Change 2001 to 2011 | |
| | Brighton and Hove | | South East | England | Brighton and Hove | | | |
| | Number | % | % | % | Number | % | Number | % |
| All usual residents | 273,369 | | | | 247,817 | | 25,552 | 10.3% |
| Christian | 117,276 | 42.9% | 59.8% | 59.4% | 146,466 | 59.1% | -29,190 | -19.9% |
| Muslim | 6,095 | 2.2% | 2.3% | 5.0% | 3,635 | 1.5% | 2,460 | 67.7% |
| Buddhist | 2,742 | 1.0% | 0.5% | 0.5% | 1,747 | 0.7% | 995 | 57.0% |
| Jewish | 2,670 | 1.0% | 0.2% | 0.5% | 3,358 | 1.4% | -688 | -20.5% |
| Hindu | 1,792 | 0.7% | 1.1% | 1.5% | 1,300 | 0.5% | 492 | 37.8% |
| Sikh | 342 | 0.1% | 0.6% | 0.8% | 237 | 0.1% | 105 | 44.3% |
| Other religion | 2,409 | 0.9% | 0.5% | 0.4% | 2,106 | 0.8% | 303 | 14.4% |
| No religion | 115,954 | 42.4% | 27.7% | 24.7% | 66,955 | 27.0% | 48,999 | 73.2% |
| Religion not stated | 24,089 | 8.8% | 7.4% | 7.2% | 20,013 | 8.1% | 4,076 | 20.4% |

2011 Census data taken from ONS table KS209EW

More than two out of five residents (117,276 people, 42.9%) are Christian, significantly lower than can be found in England (59.4%) and the South East (59.8%). This is a fall of 29,190 people or 19.9% since the 2001 census.

More than two out of five city residents (115,954 people, 42.4%) stated that they had no religion, significantly higher than in the South East (27.7%) and England (24.7%). This is an increase of 48,999 people or 73.2% since the 2001 census.

The Muslim community is the largest non-Christian faith group in the city with 6,095 people, (2.2%), this is an increase of 2,460 people or 67.7% since the 2001 census.

All Census Briefings in this series are available at www.bhlis.org/census2011